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## *Exercise sheet 0*

To be solved and discussed during the second week exercise sessions

### **Exercise 1**

How many solutions are there to the equation  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 + x_6 = 29$  where  $x_i, i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$  is a nonnegative integer such that

- $x_i > 1$  for  $i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$ ?
- $x_1 < 8$  and  $x_2 > 8$

### **Exercise 2**

What is the probability that a 5-card poker hand (drawn randomly from a 52-card deck) contains

- a flush (five cards in the same suit)?
- a straight (five cards of sequential kind)?
- cards of five different kinds and it does not contain a flush or a straight?

### **Exercise 3**

How many ways are there to travel in the 3-dimensional Euclidean space from the origin  $(0, 0, 0)$  to the point  $(4, 3, 5)$  by taking steps one unit in the positive  $x$  direction or one unit in the positive  $y$  direction or one unit in the positive  $z$  direction? (Moving in the negative directions is prohibited.)

### **Exercise 4**

What is the coefficient of  $x^6 y^4 z^{11}$  in the expansion of  $(3x + 4y - 5z)^{21}$ ?

### **Exercise 5**

Give an algebraic and a combinatorial proof that

$$\sum_{k=1}^n k \binom{n}{k} = n2^{n-1}.$$